The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- 1. (Original) A light emitting element comprising:
- a first electrode;
- a second electrode; and
- a plurality of layers located between the first electrode and the second electrode, wherein the plurality of layers comprises a layer comprising a light emitting substance,

wherein at least one of the plurality of layers comprises:

a carbazole derivative represented by General Formula (1); and

a metal oxide, and

[Chemical Formula 1]

$$R^2$$
 R^3
 R^4
 R^5
 R^5

wherein in the formula, R¹ refers to hydrogen, halogen, a cyano group, an alkyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, a haloalkyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, an alkoxyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group, or a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle residue, and R²

to R⁵ is the same or different material and refer to hydrogen, halogen, a cyano group, an alkyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, an alkoxyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, an acyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, a haloalkyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, a dialkylamino group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle residue, or a carbazolyl group.

2. (Original) A light emitting element comprising:

a first electrode;

a second electrode; and

a plurality of layers located between the first electrode and the second electrode, wherein the plurality of layers comprises:

a first layer comprising a light emitting substance; and

a second layer for generating a hole,

wherein the second layer comprises:

a carbazole derivative represented by General Formula (1); and

a metal oxide, and

[Chemical Formula 1]

$$R^2$$
 R^3
 R^3
 R^4
 R^5
 R^5
 R^5

3. (Original) A light emitting element comprising:

- a first electrode;
- a second electrode; and
- a plurality of layers located between the first electrode and the second electrode, wherein the plurality of layers comprises:
 - a first layer comprising a light emitting substance; and
 - a second layer for transporting a hole,

wherein the second layer comprises:

a carbazole derivative represented by General Formula (1); and

a metal oxide, and

[Chemical Formula 1]

$$R^2$$
 R^3
 R^4
 R^3
 R^4

- 4. (Original) A light emitting element comprising:
- a first electrode;
- a second electrode; and

a plurality of layers located between the first electrode and the second electrode, wherein light emission is performed when a potential of the first electrode is higher than that of the second electrode,

wherein the plurality of layers comprises:

a first layer comprising a light emitting substance; and

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a second layer located between the first electrode and the first layer, wherein the second layer comprises:

a carbazole derivative represented by General Formula (1); and a metal oxide, and

[Chemical Formula 1]

$$R^2$$
 R^3
 R^5
 R^5
 R^6

wherein in the formula, R¹ refers to hydrogen, halogen, a cyano group, an alkyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, a haloalkyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, an alkoxyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group, or a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle residue, and R² to R⁵ is the same or different material and refer to hydrogen, halogen, a cyano group, an alkyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, an alkoxyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, a haloalkyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, a dialkylamino group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle residue, or a carbazolyl group.

- 5. (Original) A light emitting element comprising:
- a first electrode;
- a second electrode; and

a plurality of layers located between the first electrode and the second electrode, wherein light emission is performed when a potential of the first electrode is higher than that of the second electrode,

wherein the plurality of layers comprises:

- a first layer comprising a light emitting substance; and
- a second layer located between the second electrode and the first layer, wherein the second layer comprises:
 - a carbazole derivative represented by General Formula (1); and
 - a metal oxide, and

[Chemical Formula 1]

$$R^2$$
 R^3
 R^4
 R^4
 R^5
 R^4

wherein in the formula, R¹ refers to hydrogen, halogen, a cyano group, an alkyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, a haloalkyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, an alkoxyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group, or a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle residue, and R² to R⁵ is the same or different material and refer to hydrogen, halogen, a cyano group, an alkyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, an alkoxyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, a haloalkyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, a dialkylamino group having a carbon number of 1

to 20, a diarylamino group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle residue, or a carbazolyl group.

6. (Orginial) A light emitting element comprising:

a first electrode;

a second electrode; and

a plurality of layers located between the first electrode and the second electrode, wherein light emission is performed when a potential of the first electrode is higher than that of the second electrode,

wherein the plurality of layers comprises:

a first layer comprising a light emitting substance;

a second layer located between the first electrode and the first layer, and

a third layer located between the second electrode and the first layer, wherein both of the second layer and the third layer comprise:

a carbazole derivative represented by General Formula (1); and

a metal oxide, and

[Chemical Formula 1]

$$R^2$$
 R^3
 R^4
 R^5
 R^5

- 7. (Original) A light emitting element comprising:
- a first electrode;
- a second electrode; and
- a plurality of layers located between the first electrode and the second electrode,
- wherein the plurality of layers comprises a layer comprising a light emitting substance.

wherein at least one of the plurality of layers comprises:

a carbazole derivative represented by General Formula (1); and a substance for accepting an electron from the carbazole derivative, and [Chemical Formula 1]

$$R^2$$
 R^3
 R^4
 R^5
 R^5

- 8. (Original) A light emitting element comprising:
- a first electrode;
- a second electrode; and
- a plurality of layers located between the first electrode and the second electrode, wherein the plurality of layers comprises:
 - a first layer comprising a light emitting substance; and
 - a second layer for generating-a-hole,

wherein the second layer comprises:

a carbazole derivative represented by General Formula (1); and a substance for accepting an electron from the carbazole derivative, and [Chemical Formula 1]

$$R^2$$
 R^3
 R^4
 R^5
 R^5

wherein in the formula, R¹ refers to hydrogen, halogen, a cyano group, an alkyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, a haloalkyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, an alkoxyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group, or a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle residue, and R² to R⁵ is the same or different material and refer to hydrogen, halogen, a cyano group, an alkyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, an alkoxyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, a haloalkyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, a dialkylamino group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle residue, or a carbazolyl group.

- 9. (Original) A light emitting element comprising:
- a first electrode;
- a second electrode; and
- a plurality of layers located between the first electrode and the second electrode, wherein the plurality of layers comprises:

a first layer comprising a light emitting substance; and a second layer for transporting a hole,

wherein the second layer comprises:

a carbazole derivative represented by General Formula (1); and

a substance for accepting an electron from the carbazole derivative, and [Chemical Formula 1]

$$R^2$$

$$R^3$$

$$R^4$$

$$(1)$$

wherein in the formula, R¹ refers to hydrogen, halogen, a cyano group, an alkyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, a haloalkyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, an alkoxyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group, or a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle residue, and R² to R⁵ is the same or different material and refer to hydrogen, halogen, a cyano group, an alkyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, an alkoxyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, a haloalkyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, a dialkylamino group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle residue, or a carbazolyl group.

10. (Original) A light emitting element comprising:

a first electrode;

a second electrode; and

a plurality of layers located between the first electrode and the second electrode, wherein light emission is performed when a potential of the first electrode is higher than that of the second electrode,

wherein the plurality of layers comprises:

a first layer comprising a light emitting substance; and

a second layer located between the first electrode and the first layer,

wherein the second layer comprises:

a carbazole derivative represented by General Formula (1); and a substance for accepting an electron from the carbazole derivative, and [Chemical Formula 1]

$$R^2$$
 R^3
 R^3
 R^4
 R^5
 R^5

wherein in the formula, R¹ refers to hydrogen, halogen, a cyano group, an alkyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, a haloalkyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, an alkoxyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group, or a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle residue, and R² to R⁵ is the same or different material and refer to hydrogen, halogen, a cyano group, an alkyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, an alkoxyl group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, a haloalkyl group

having a carbon number of 1 to 20, a dialkylamino group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, a diarylamino group having a carbon number of 1 to 20, a substituted or unsubstituted heterocycle residue, or a carbazolyl group.

11. (Original) A light emitting element comprising:

a first electrode;

a second electrode; and

a plurality of layers located between the first electrode and the second electrode, wherein light emission is performed when a potential of the first electrode is higher than that of the second electrode,

wherein the plurality of layers comprises:

a first layer comprising a light emitting substance; and

a second layer located between the second electrode and the first layer, wherein the second layer comprises:

a carbazole derivative represented by General Formula (1); and a substance for accepting an electron from the carbazole derivative, and [Chemical Formula 1]

$$R^2$$

$$R^3$$

$$R^4$$

$$(1)$$

12. (Original) A light emitting element comprising:

- a first electrode;
- a second electrode; and
- a plurality of layers located between the first electrode and the second electrode, wherein light emission is performed when a potential of the first electrode is higher than that of the second electrode,

wherein the plurality of layers comprises:

- a first layer comprising a light emitting substance;
- a second layer located between the first electrode and the first layer, and
- a third layer located between the second electrode and the first layer, wherein both of the second layer and the third layer comprise:
 - a carbazole derivative represented by General Formula (1); and
- a substance for accepting an electron from the carbazole derivative, and [Chemical-Formula 1]

$$R^2$$

$$R^3$$

$$R^5$$

$$R^4$$

$$(1)$$

- 13. (Original) The light emitting element according to any one of Claims 1 to 6, wherein the metal oxide is one or a plurality of oxides of any transition metal of Group 4 to Group 12 in the periodic table.
- 14. (Original) The light emitting element according to any one of Claims 1 to 6, wherein the metal oxide is one or a plurality of oxides of any transition metal of Group 4 to Group 8 in the periodic table.

- 15. (Original) The light emitting element according to any one of Claims 1 to 6, wherein the metal oxide is one or a plurality of oxides selected from the group consisting of molybdenum oxide (MoO_x), vanadium oxide (VO_x), ruthenium oxide (RuO_x), tungsten oxide (VO_x), rhenium oxide (VO_x), titanium oxide (VO_x), chromium oxide (VO_x), zirconium oxide (VO_x), hafnium oxide (VO_x), and tantalum oxide (VO_x).
- 16. (Currently Amended) A light emitting device, comprising the light emitting element according to any one of Claims [[1 to 15]] 1 to 12 as a pixel or a light source.
- 17. (Original) An electronic device, comprising the light emitting device according to Claim 16.